A guide to select the correct bell-housing and drive coupling components

DATA REQUIRED

Electric motor power/motor size Manufacturer and pump type

TO VERIFY:

- 1 Pump and motor shaft dimensions (see page 69)
- 2 Shaft and flange pump (see pump data sheet)

Example:

- Electric motor 2 kW 4 poles Motor size 110/112
- Atos pump code PFE31 Shaft 1

Electric motor's dimension Pump's dimensions 8 28 250 4,76 19,05 Nr. 2x11 0 82,55 0 106,4

Bell-Housing's length calculation

- H= 60 + 18 + 57,5 = 135,5 mm (18= Sp spider see page 49)
- Choose type of bell-housing (LMC LMS)
 - For LMC see tab. 3 at page 11
 - For LMS see tab. 21 at page 32
 - For MODUL 2/3 see at page 36

Note: The length of bell-housing must be \geq than the length calculated (135,5 mm)

Case A - solution with LMC bell-housing

Tab. 3 at page 11 - for electric motor 2kW LMC 250 LMC 250 bell-housing with height ≥ 135,5 - LMC250AFSQ

- The bell-housing code must be completed with drilling pump code (see tab. 34 at page 47) For the specific case C= 101,6 Nr. 2 holes M10: Code drilling 070
- Definitive bell-housing code LMC250AFSQ070

Case B - solution with LMS bell-housing

Tab. 21 at page 32 - for electric motor 2kW LMS 250 LMS 250 bell-housing with heigh \geq 135,5 - LMS250AFSQ

- The bell-housing code must be completed with drilling pump code (see tab. 34 at page 47) For the specific case C= 101,6 Nr. 2 holes M10: Code for. 070
- Definitive bell-housing code LMS250AFSQ070

Choose coupling

- Motor half-coupling (see tab. 37 at page 50)
 - For electric motor GR 100/112, the half-coupling is SGEA21M05060
- **Spider** (see tab. 35 36 at page 49)
 - For SGEA21, EGE2 EGE2RR (choose spider material on the base of the application, oil, temperature and cycle machine, etc.)

Pump half-coupling

- Choose the drilling code tab. 43 44 at page 53 for shaft 19,05 Ch. 4,76 code: G01
- Half-coupling length = L BH lenght THK Spider THK Spigot 138 mm - 60 - 18 - 9,5= 50,5 mm
- Choose the half-coupling's length on tab. 38 at page $50 \le 50,5$ mm.
- Availabe length for SGEA21= 50 mm
- Code half-coupling code: SGEA21G01050

Software for automatic calculation available on the web site www.mpfiltri.com - tools - software



Note: For multi pumps we recommend to use a specific support on the base of the pump's dimensions and weight.

Half-coupling SGE*** series

The half-couplings series SGE*** allow secure transmission between the electric motor and the driven side; they are able to absorb shocks and vibration, in addition to compensating radial misalignment, angular and axial.

The assembly of the couplings can be horizontal/vertical, withstanding vibration and load reversals.

The complete range of couplings are extrapolated from the on-line software, with a length equal than the shaft on which must be mounted and they are completed with grub screw for fixing located on the key.

Available for cilindrical shaft with metric and imperial dimensions as well for splined shafts as per specification DIN, ISO and SAE.

Admissible misalignment radial, angular and axial

Max admissible radial misalignment

Half coupling	R (mm)
SGE * 01	0,5
SGE * 21	1,0
SGE * 31	1,0
SGE * 40	1,0
SGE * 51	1,5
SGE * 60	1,5
SGE * 80	2,0
SGE * 90	2,0

Max admissible angular misalignment

Half coupling	β (°)
SGE * 01	
SGE * 21	
SGE * 31	
SGE * 40	1,5°
SGE * 51	
SGE * 60	
SGE * 80	
SGE * 90	

Max admissible angular misalignment

•	
Half coupling	A (mm)
SGE * 01	2,0
SGE * 21	2,5
SGE * 31	3,0
SGE * 40	3,5
SGE * 51	3,5
SGE * 60	3,5
SGE * 80	4,0
SGE * 90	5,0

Normative ATEX 94/9/CE **Ex**



Half-couplings SGE*** series are available to use in hazardous area. The couplings are certified according to ATEX 94/9/CE (ATEX 95). Category certified 2G - area 1 and 2. Other information available on our web site "www.mpfiltri.com".

MP Filtri couplings are developed with:

CAD 3D



FEM (calculation)



The half-couplings SGE*** series are in conformity to normative **DIN 740/2**.

The max torque to transmit is always less than the max torque that the coupling can transmit.

Examples verification of the coupling

Torque transmitted by electric motor:

Mt: 9560 x kW / rpm = Nm

Me > Mt x S = Nm

Where:

Mt: Torque transmitted by electric motor

Me: Torque transmitted by coupling (see table 14)

kW: Power of electric motor

Rpm: Revolutions per minute of electric motor

S: Service factor (see table 14)

TABLE 1

Small pumps, uniform load, low operating pressures e.g. rotary action machine tools - 5/8 work cycles per hour	1.3
Small pumps, uniform load, high working pressures e.g. lifting equipment - 120-150 work cycles per hour	1.5
Pumps, non-uniform load e.g. lifting equipment - 280-300 work cycles per hour	1.7

Example

Electric motor, 4 pole - 4 kW

hydraulic pump, uniform load, low operating pressure

Mt: 9560 x 4 / 1500 = 25.45 Nm

Me > 25.49 x 1.3 = 33 Nm

Half-coupling SGEA21 meets the above requirement.

Select the half-coupling of the calculated size from the motor half-couplings table.

Note: When selecting the coupling, remember that for pumps with splined shaft, only cast iron couplings of the SGEG series can be used.

Determine the size of the coupling according to the type of installation and application envisaged, on the basis of the following formulas and tables:

TABLE 2

Half-coupling type	External diameter mm	Nominal torque Me - Nm	Maximum transmissible torque Me - Nm
SGEA01	43	15	20
SGEA01 SGEA21 SGEA31 SGEA51	68	160	190
SGEA31	85	340	380
₹ SGEA51	109,5	550	620
SGEG01	40	20	30
SGEG30 SGEG40	80	400	450
≝ SGEG40	95	550	620
SGEG60 SGEG80	120	760	850
SGEG80	160	2200	2500
SGEG90	200	5500	6100
급 SGES40	95	550	620
SGES40 SGES60 SGES80	120	760	850
SGES80	160	2200	2500

Nominal and maximum torque values are referred to couplings assembled with standard flexible spiders of the **EGE**** series (see page 49).

Where higher torques are to be transmitted, use flexible spiders of the EGE**RR series (see page 49).

Noise is a particularly pervasive problem so much so that there have been statutory regulations in place now for some years, designed to limit harmful occupational exposure. Many of the machines used in industry today are equipped with oil-hydraulic systems, which happen to be a major source of noise.

1. Theory and definition of noise

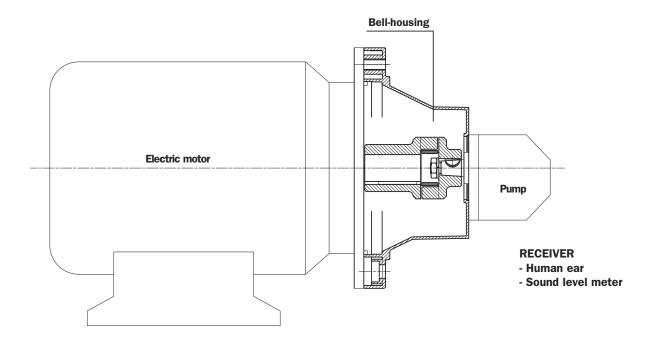
From a health and hygiene standpoint, noise can be defined as an unpleasant and undesirable sound, or an unpleasant and annoying or intolerable auditory sensation (noise being any sound phenomena that may be accompanied by sensations of disturbance and pain). By definition, acoustic phenomena are oscillatory in character, propagated in a flexible medium and causing pressure variations at the points, and the areas adjacent to those points, through which they pass.

2. Sound

Technically considered, certain elements must be present simultaneously for acoustic phenomena to occur:

- Sound source
- · Transmission medium
- Receiver

Motor and pump unit



The electric motor and the pump, together with the drive coupling, are the SOURCE OF THE NOISE.

The **Bell-housing** is the noise transmission medium.

Depending on whether the monobloc bell-housing is a rigid or low noise type, there will be variations in the flexible properties of the transmission medium.

The acoustic phenomena are dissimilar in the two cases, given the differences in pressure variation and particle displacement.

Assembly of motor and pump unit

As mentioned in the presentation, low noise bell-housing will help to attenuate the transmission of vibrations and the emission of noise generated by the system.

Self-evidently, however, the mere adoption of a low noise bell-housing will achieve little unless the motor and pump are correctly installed on the machine, or on the tank of the hydralic power unit.

• Should be followed in order to achieve best possible results and correct installation:

1. Motor and pump unit mounted horizontally on oil tank lid

- The suction pipe attached to the pump must be rigid, and fitted using a resilient bulkhead flange of the FTA series, which helps to cushion the vibrations propagated between the pipe and the tank lid.
 If pipes need to be bent, the radius of curvature must be at least 3 times the pipe diameter.
 Do not use elbow fittings, as these will significantly increase pressure losses.
- The pressure pipeline of the pump must be flexible, and long enough to include bends with the minimum radius of curvature recommended by the manufacturer for the specified operating pressure.
- The return pipeline running from the service to the filter must be flexible.
 Where oil is returned directly to the tank of the hydraulic power unit through a rigid pipe, it is advisable to use a resilient bulkhead flange of the FTR series, which helps to cushion the vibrations propagated between the pipe and the tank lid.
- Anti-vibration devices (resilient mounts or damping rods) must be located under the feet of the electric motor or the PDM foot brackets, depending on the mounting position of the motor.
- The lids of hydraulic oil tanks must be sturdy enough to support the load they carry.

2. Motor and pump unit mounted horizontally on machine

- As a matter of good practice, the oil tank and motor-pump unit should be mounted on a single supporting frame of strength sufficient to support the load.
- If the hydraulic system is fitted with a side-mounted filter, the suction pipeline to the pump must be flexible, and long enough to include bends with the minimum radius of curvature recommended by the manufacturer.
- If the suction filter is not side mounted, the pipeline should be rigid and installed in conjunction with a compensating coupling.
- The pressure pipeline of the pump must be flexible, and long enough to include bends with the minimum radius of curvature recommended by the manufacturer for the specified operating pressure.
- The return pipeline running from the service to the filter must be flexible.
 Where oil is returned directly to the tank of the hydraulic power unit through a rigid pipe, it is advisable to use a resilient bulkhead flange of the FTR series, which helps to cushion the vibrations propagated between the pipe and the tank lid.
- Anti-vibration devices (resilient mounts or damping rods)
 must be located under the feet of the electric motor
 or the PDM foot brackets, depending
 on the mounting position of the motor.

Note: The above guidelines are indicative only, and subordinate to the solutions adopted ultimately by design engineers.

In conclusion: For best results, in any event, the motor-and-pump unit should be incorporated into the hydraulic system in such a way that no one component is rigidly associated with another, resulting in the propagation of vibration, and consequently noise.

	Q	0					00 (7°		d	0
250 - 400	340 - 544 Hp	Size 355/400 D.800				,	FP6 FP7 (BAD800 ONLY FP7) KVG6/7 (Q.ty 1)	250 - 400	340 - 544 Hp	Size 355/400 D.800
110 - 200	150 - 272 Нр	Size 315 - D.660				Ø 288 ———————————————————————————————————	BMT660 BMT800 Kit of assembly KVG6/7 (Q.ty 1)	110 - 200	150 - 272 Hp	Size 315 - D.660
55 - 90	75 - 125 Нр	Size 250/280 D.550						55 - 90	75 - 125 Hp	Size 250/280 D.550
37 - 45	50.32 - 61.2 Нр	Size 225 - D.450		FR1* G1 (Q.ty 1)	140 288 FP5 FP6 FP7 7 (Q.ty 2)			37 - 45	50.32 - 61.2 Hp	Size 225 - D.450
30	40.80 Hp	Size 200 - D.350	AR*	BMT300 BMT350 FR1* Kit of assembly KVG5 (Q.ty 1) + Kit of assembly KVG1 (Q.ty 1)	Ø 190 Ø 288 Ø 288 Ø 288 Wit of assembly KVG5/7 (Q.ty 2)			30	40.80 Hp	Size 200 - D.350 Size 225 - D.450
11 - 22	15-30 Hp	Size 160/180 D.350	A	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	BMT350 BMT400 BMT450 FMT450			11 - 22	15 - 30 Hp	Size 160/180 D.350
5.5 - 7.5 kW	7.5 - 10.2 Hp	Size 225 - D.450		BMT300 BMT350 Kit of assen				5.5 - 7.5 kW	7.5 - 10.2 Hp	Size 225 - D.450
							MODUL 3			

Low noise bell-housings

LMS series

Bell-housings of this type, appropriately installed in hydraulic systems, are able to help bring about a significant reduction in the level of noise generated by the system.

This is achieved through the adoption of a damping element located between the base of the bell-housing and the pump mounting flange.

Thanks to their notable versatility and to the broad selection of bases and flanges available, **LMS** low noise bell-housings will cover the majority of applications within a range including electric motors from size 100, rated **2.2 kW**, up to size 280, rated **90 kW**

Technical specifications

LMS

Materials

- Base module
 Pressure diecast aluminium alloy.
- **Damping ring**Oil-resistant rubber, Shore A hardness 87.
- Pump flange
 Pressure diecast aluminium alloy.
- Foot bracket
 Pressure diecast aluminium alloy.

Temperature

 -30°C ÷ +80°C
 For temperatures outside this range, contact the MP Filtri Technical and Sales Department

Compatibility with fluids

• Base modules compatible for use with:

Mineral oils

Types HH-HL-HM-HR-HV-HG, to ISO 6743/4 standard

Water based emulsions

Types HFAE - HFAS, to ISO 6743/4 standard

Water glycol

Type HFC, to ISO 6743/4 standard

Ask for anodized version

Special Applications

 Any applications not covered by the normal indications contained in this catalogue must be evaluated and approved by the MP Filtri Technical and Sales Department.

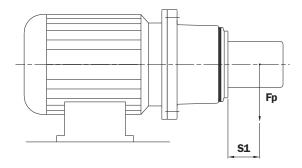


Technical specifications

Maximum admissible load for LMS low noise bell-housings

TABLE 20

Bell-housing	Max permissible load "F" (N)	Load application distance "S" (mm)
LMS 250	600	200
LMS 300	1000	200
LMS 350	1500	200
LMS 400	2200	200
LMS 450	4000	200
LMS 550	4000	200



Maximum permissible load values have been calculated assuming the assembly of a pump with its centre of gravity located at a distance **S**= 200 mm from the mounting face.

If the distance " \mathbf{S} " is greater than this assumed value, then calculate the new permissible load value

"F1" using this formula:

$$F_1 = F \times S_1/S_{(N)}$$

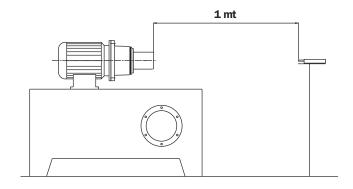
Examples

Low noise bell-housing: Fp pump S1	LMS250 600 N 220 mm	F1= 600x220/200=660 N > 600 N (value not acceptable)
Low noise bell-housing: Fp pump S1	LMS250 600 N 190 mm	F1= 600x190/200=570N < 600N (value acceptable)

Reduction of noise level

The level of nose emitted by a motor-pump unit depends on several factors, namely:

- Type of pump
- Nature of application
- Operating pressure
- Fittings used for connections
- Type of assembly

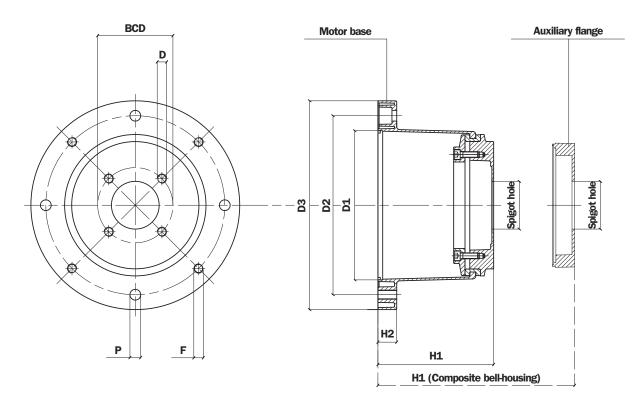


All tests were conducted in an anechoic-chamber, using certified sound level meters.

All LMS series bell-housings were tested adopting the arrangement illustrated above, comparing the noise level with that emitted by conventional monobloc bell-housings of the same size, under the same pressure and flow rate conditions.

• The results of the tests show that with LMS series low noise bell-housings, the noise level of the motor-pump unit is reduced by 5 Db (A).

Low noise bell-housing



• The auxiliary flange, if specified, is supplied already fitted to the bell-housing.

Note: In order to ensure coaxial alignment between the motor and pump spigot centres, the bell-housing cannot be disassembled and reassembled.

Machining tolerances

D1	F8
Spigot hole	H7
H1	± 0,15 mm

Concentricity of D1/Spigot hole

LMS 250	0,20 mm
LMS 300 - LMS 660	0.25 mm

TABLE 21

Elect	ric motor,	4-pole, 1	500 rpm		Dimens	sions of	f LMS	low no	ise b	ell-hou	using			
Motor size	kW	Нр	Motor shaft	Bell-housing code	Foot bracket code	D1	D2	D3	H1	Н2	F.	Nr.	Р	Nr.
100-112	2.2-4	3-5.5	28x60	LMS 250	PDM A 250	180	215	250		19	M12	4	14	4
132	5.5-7.5	7.5-12.5	38x80	LMS 300	PDM A 300	230	265	300		23	M12	4	14	4
160	11-15	15-20	42x110	LMS 350	PDM A 350	250	300	350		31	M16	4	18	4
180	18.5-22	25-30	48x110	LMS 350	PDM A 350	250	300	350		31	M16	4	18	4
200	30	40	55x110	LMS 400	/	300	350	400		31	M16	4	18	4
225	37-45	50-60	60x140	LMS 450	/	350	400	450		31	M16	8	-	-
250	55	75	65x140	LMS 550	/	450	500	550		31	M16	8	-	-
280	75-90	100-125	75x140	LMS 550	/	450	500	550		31	M16	8	-	-
315	110-200	150-272	80x170	LMS 660	/	550	600	660		42	M20	16	-	-
				•	For dimension see page 55				See tab. 22					

To determine dimension H1 of the bell-housing For dimensions of the foot bracket For all other dimensions see table 33 see page 55

see pump manufacturer's technical literature

LMS low noise bell-housing, dimension H1

TABLE 22

Pump flange Weight									
Code	H1	(kg)							
LMS 250AFSA***	128	3,72							
LMS 250AFSB***	148	4,10							
LMS 300AFSC***	155	4,20							
LMS 300AFSD***	168	4,45							
LMS 300AFSE***	194	6,51							
LMS 350AFSF***	204	6,80							
LMS 350AFSG***	228	7,10							
LMS 350AFSH***	204	8,51							
LMS 400AFSL***	228	8,80							
LMS 400AFSM***	256	9,10							
LMS 400FSN***	240	11,61							
LMS 450FS0***	255	12,10							
LMS 550FSP***	255	15,20							
LMS 550FSR***	270	15,90							
LMS 550FSS***	290	19,20							
LMS 660FST***	305	20,20							
LIVIO 0001 01	303	20,20							

Specified tightening torques for auxiliary flange

- FR* 18 Nm • F5* 100 Nm • F6* 180 Nm
- Recommended tightening torques for motor/pump assembly bolts

• M6	10 Nm	• M16	205 Nm
• M8	24 Nm	• M18	280 Nm
• M10	50 Nm	• M20	400 Nm
• M12	84 Nm	• M22	530 Nm
• M14	135 Nm	• M24	690 Nm

Pump flange				
Code	H1	Weight (kg)		
LMS 250AFRA***	158	3,97		
LMS 250AFRB***	165	4,10		
LMS 250AFRC***	168	4,30		
LMS 250AFRD***	171	4,60		
LMS 250AFRE***	173	4,70		
LMS 250AFRG***	181	5,10		
LMS 250AFRH***	183	5,70		
LMS300AFRA***	178	4,50		
LMS300AFRB***	185	4,75		
LMS300AFRC***	188	4,85		
LMS300AFRD***	191	4,90		
LMS300AFRE***	193	5,10		
LMS300AFRG***	201	5,50		
LMS300AFRH***	203	5,80		
LMS300AF5A***	194	5,20		
LMS300AF5B***	198	5,50		
LMS300AF5C***	200	5,70		
LMS300AF5D***	203	5,90		
LMS300AF5E***	213	6,20		
LMS300AF5G***	232	6,70		
LMS300AF5H***	259	7,80		
LMS350AF5A***	254	8,10		
LMS350AF5B***	258	8,30		
LMS350AF5C***	260	8,50		
LMS350AF5D***	263	8,70		
LMS350AF5E***	273	9,00		
LMS350AF5G***	292	10,10		
LMS350AF5H***	319	11,30		

These values are calculated to exploit the performance of the bolt at 70% of its elastic limit.

This means in practice that the shank of the bolt will be stressed typically to 60-70% of its limit of elasticity in the course of being tightened.

The values indicated are valid for hexagon head bolts to UNI 5737 and hexagon socket screws to UNI 5931, property class 8.8, tightened by degrees using a torque wrench. If bolts or screws are tightened using impact or hammer action drivers, the applied torque

should be reduced by 10%.

Comparative table

MP Filtri	ОМТ	Raja	KTR
Code	Code	Code	Code
LMS250A***	BS251***	R250***DF	PK+D150/190
LMS300A***	BS301***	R300***DF	PK+D150/190
LMS350A***	BS351***	R350***DF	PK+D150/190/D230/260
LMS400A***	BS400***	R400***DF	PK+D190/D230/260
LMS450A***	BS451***	R450***DF	PK+D190/230/D260/330
LMS550A***	BS551***	R450***DF	PK+D190/230/D260/330
LMS660A***	BS661***	R450***DF	PK+D190/230/D260/330

Note: The above table is guideline only.

Not all bell-housings are fully interchangeable.

For further information, contact the MP Filtri Technical and Sales Department.

Pump flange			
Code	H1	Weight (kg)	
LMS400AF6A***	288	10,00	
LMS400AF6B***	289	10,10	
LMS400AF6C***	301	10,25	
LMS400AF6D***	314	11,10	
LMS400AF6E***	326	11,70	
LMS400AF6G***	338	11,90	
LMS400AF6H***	342	12,10	
LMS400AF6L***	357	13,00	
LMS400AF6M***	396	15,70	
LMS450AF6A***	287	14,10	
LMS450AF6B***	288	14,20	
LMS450AF6C***	300	15,10	
LMS450AF6D***	313	16,00	
LMS450AF6E***	325	16,50	
LMS450AF6G***	337	17,20	
LMS450AF6H***	341	17,50	
_MS450AF6L***	356	17,90	
LMS450AF6M***	395	19,00	
LMS550AF6A***	302	17,20	
LMS550AF6B***	303	17,20	
LMS550AF6C***	315	18,30	
LMS550AF6D***	328	19,00	
LMS550AF6E***	340	19,50	
LMS550AF6G***	352	19,90	
LMS550AF6H***	356	20,20	
LMS550AF6L***	361	20,45	
LMS550AF6M***	400	22,50	
LMS660AF6A***	337	23,00	
LMS660AF6B***	338	23,40	
LMS660AF6C***	350	24,50	
LMS660AF6D***	363	25,30	

Ordering information LMS

Low noise bell-housing LMS Example: LMS	1 2 3 4 5
250 300 350 400 450 550 660 2 - Product revision code A 3 - Bell-housing FSA See table 22 page 33 FRA See table 22 page 33	4 - Pump interface codes 070 See table on page 47 5 - Opzioni FG Holes rotated through 45° in relation to standard position (page 47) DI Drain hole + inspection hole DP Double set of holes AN Black anodized finish SA Clearance holes at motor interface Pxx Customer specification Note: Bell-housings with DI options are supplied complete with threaded closure plug

Note: For customization features other than those indicated on this page, contact the Technical and Sales Department